CLAIMS

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- 1. A method for clonal derivation of human blastocyst-derived stem cells (hBS) or hBS derived cells, the method comprising the steps of
- a) subjecting hBS cell colonies or hBS derived cell colonies to non-enzymatic treatment to dissociate the cell colonies to one or more single cells,
 - b) selecting/picking of one or more single cells,
 - c) separately cultivating the one or more single cells in a serum based medium and/or serum based conditioned medium,
- d) optionally, changing the medium to a serum free mediumto obtain one or more cell clones capable of forming colonies.
 - 2. A method according to claim 1, wherein the steps a)-d) are preceded one or more times by the following steps
- a1) subjecting hBS cell colonies or hBS derived cell colonies to non-enzymatic treatment to dissociate the cell colonies to substantially single cells,
 - b1) selecting/picking of one or more substantially single cells,
 - c1) separately cultivating the one or more substantially single cells in a serum based medium and/or serum based conditioned medium,
- d1) optionally, changing the medium to a serum free medium to obtain a substantially pure cell population.
 - 3. A method according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the non-enzymatic method comprises the steps of
 - i) cutting hBS cell colonies or hBS derived cell colonies to obtain smaller units.
 - ii) incubating the smaller units with a medium containing a chelator such as, e.g., EDTA,
 - triturating the smaller units to obtain hBS single cells or hBS derived single cells.
 - 4. A method according to claim 3, further comprising a step of
 - iv) dispersing the hBS single cells or hBS derived single cells in a suitable medium, such as, e.g. a cell free hBS cell conditioned cloning medium (CC-medium), a hBS derived cell free conditioned medium, serum based medium or a hBS culture medium.

- 5. A method according to any of the preceding claims, wherein step d) and/or step d1) is included.
- 6. A method according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the cell clones obtainedin step c) and/or step d) are further cultivated.
 - 7. A method according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the substantially pure cell populations obtained in step c1) and/or step d1) are further cultivated.
- 10 8. A method according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the obtained cell clones are hBS cell clones.
 - 9. A method according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the hBS derived cells are selected from the group consisting of cells of endodermal, mesodermal, and ectodermal origin.

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- 10. A method according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the obtained cell clones are selected from the group consisting of cells of endodermal, mesodermal, and ectodermal origin.
- 11. A method according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the hBS derived cells are selected from the group consisting of hepatocytes, beta-cells, cardiomyocytes, chondrocytes, osteocytes, keratinocytes, neurons, oligodendrocytes and astrocytes.
- 25 12. A method according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the obtained cell clones are selected from the group consisting of hepatocytes, beta-cells, cardiomyocytes, chondrocytes, osteocytes, keratinocytes, neurons, oligodendrocytes and astrocytes.
- 13. A method according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the cultivation in stepc) and/or c1) is performed in a medium that promotes propagation of the one or morehBS cells or hBS derived cells.
- 14. A method according to any of the preceding claims, wherein step c) and/or step c1)
 is performed in the presence of fibroblasts, such as, e.g. mouse embryonic fibroblasts, human foreskin fibroblasts, fetal skin fibroblasts, fetal muscle fibroblasts, adult skin

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fibroblasts and fibroblasts derived from hBS cells.

15. A method according to any of claims 1-13, wherein step c) and/or step c1) is performed under feeder cell free conditions.

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16. A method according to claim 15, wherein step c) and/or step c1) is performed on a support substrate comprising a component that promotes colony formation and/or cell division and/or adhesion and/or inhibits differentiation of the hBS single cells or hBS derived single cells, such as, e.g. albumin, gelatine, poly-ornithine, fibronectin, vitronectin, agarose, poly-L-lysine, collagen, and/or extracellular matrix components, such as, e.g. Matrigel® or laminin and/or combinations thereof.